AGENDA ITEM: Discussion and possible reconsideration of previous action taken on the Notice of Intent to Revoke (No. 14F-FSRV-003-BCS) of Kin Dah Lichii Olta

Issue

The Board's remand of the case to the Administrative Law Judge for reconsideration of the matter in light of the new evidence has been denied by the Office of Administrative Hearings. Absent any additional action, the Decision of the Administrative Law Judge will be certified June 14, 2014 in accordance with statute. The Office of Administrative Hearings indicated the Board can achieve the same result by allowing the Decision to be certified and then immediately ordering a limited rehearing of the matter before the Administrative Law Judge based on the new evidence. The Board has received a Motion from the State and a Response from the charter holder that may be considered. Given its previous action in this matter cannot be implemented as intended; the Board may reconsider its options and take alternative action.

Background

On May 14, 2014, Board staff submitted a letter (Appendix A) to the Administrative Law Judge assigned to the case explaining the reason for the Board's rejection of the Decision and request to resubmit the case so that the State may introduce new evidence relevant to the case and the opposing party be allowed to respond.

On May 15, 2014, the Office of Administrative Hearings provided a Minute Entry (Appendix B) stating the Board's request to resubmit the matter for consideration of additional evidence is not an option afforded to the Board under statute.

On May 21, 2014, the Board received a Motion for the Arizona State Board for Charter Schools to Issue a Final Administrative Decision Prior to June 14, 2014 (Appendix C).

On May 29, 2014, the Board received KDLO's Response to Motion for the Arizona State Board for Charter Schools to Issue a Final Administrative Decision Prior to June 14, 2014 (Appendix D).

Board Options

- 1. Consider the Motion and Response provided.
- 2. Proceed with its consideration of the Administrative Law Judge Decision in the matter as originally presented.
- 3. Take no action and allow the Administrative Law Judge Decision to be certified.
- 4. Take action to allow the Administrative Law Judge Decision to be certified and, upon certification, order a rehearing for the consideration of new evidence related to the Board's Exhibit 3.

APPENDIX A

Arizona State Board for Charter Schools

Physical Address: 1616 West Adams Street, Suite 170 Phoenix, Arizona 85007 Phone: (602) 364-3080 Fax: (602) 364-3089



Mailing Address: PO Box 18328 Phoenix, Arizona 85009

May 14, 2014

The Honorable Brian Brendan Tully Office of Administrative Hearings 1400 W Washington St, #101 Phoenix, AZ 85007

RE: No. 14F-FSRV-003-BCS

Dear Judge Tully,

The Board considered the Recommended Decision in this matter at its meeting on May 12, 2014. The Board rejected the decision in its entirety based on the need for the State to introduce new evidence relevant to the case. Because of errors in in the computer code written to calculate the points, there was an error in the Board's Exhibit 3 submitted at the hearing. The Board voted to resubmit the case to the Administrative Law Judge so that the State may introduce the evidence and the opposing party be allowed to respond. The Administrative Law judge can then submit an amended recommended decision based on the entire administrative record, including the new evidence.

Sincerely,

DeAnna Rowe Executive Director

Attachment: Revised Board Exhibit 3

cc: Gehl Tucker, Attorney for Kin Dah Lichii Olta, Inc. Kim Anderson, Assistant Attorney General Cliff Vanell, Office of Administrative Hearings

APPENDIX B

KIN DAH LICHII OLTA, a non-profit	No. 14F-FSRV-003-BCS						
corporation, operating KIN DAH LICHII OLTA, a charter school	Minute Entry						
The Director, having reviewed the documer	t filed May 14, 2014, makes the following						
minute entry:							
OAH is in receipt of a May 14, 2	014 letter, transmitted to it by the Executiv						
Director for the Arizona State Bo	pard for Charter Schools (Board), indicating						
that on May 12, 2014, the Board	had rejected the Recommended Decision						
of the Administrative Law Judge issued in the above-entitled matter, and							
resubmitted the matter for the consideration of additional evidence. ¹							
In this case, A.R.S. § 41-1092.0	In this case, A.R.S. § 41-1092.08(B) permits the Board to accept, reject, or						
modify a Recommended Decision	modify a Recommended Decision by five days after the next meeting						
subsequent to May 27, 2014. O	subsequent to May 27, 2014. OAH has calculated that date as June 14,						
2014. ² OAH interprets A.R.S.	2014. ² OAH interprets A.R.S. § 41-1092.08(D) to require that a rejection						
be accompanied by the Board's final administrative decision. ³							
Although the Board has explained	ed its rationale for the rejection of the						
Recommended Decision of the Administrative Law Judge, it has not issued							
its final administrative decision and provided OAH with such final							
administrative decision. Should	such final administrative decision not be						
received by OAH by June 14, 20	014, the Recommended Decision of the						
Administrative Law Judge will th	Administrative Law Judge will thereupon be certified as the final						
¹ In effect, the Board has set the matter for rehearing must be preceded by an agency's final administrativ final administrative decision subsequent to the trans the result of either timely action by the Board or certi ² Pursuant to A.R.S. 41-1092.08(D), as the Board n sent more than 35 days before a meeting (30 days p the Recommended Decision at its next meeting ther	e decision. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1092.08(F), a mission of an Administrative Law Judge Decision is ification by OAH. neets monthly, unless a Recommended Decision is plus 5 days for mailing), the Board need only act on						

27, 2014, when transmitting the Recommended Decision on April 22, 2014. ³ A rejection may take the form of adopting some or all of the Administrative Law Judge's findings of fact, conclusions of law or order and /or substituting its own findings of fact, conclusions of law or order.

1	administrative decision of the Board pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1092.08(D).							
2								
3	Done this day, May 15, 2014.							
4								
5	/s/ Cliff J. Vanell							
6	Director							
7 8 9 10	DeAnna Rowe, Executive Director State Board for Charter Schools PO Box 18328 Phoenix, AZ 85009							
11	DeAnna.Rowe@asbcs.az.gov							
12 13 14	Kim S. Anderson, Esq. Attorney General's Office 1275 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007							
15 16	kim.anderson@azag.gov							
17 18 19 20 21	R. Gehl Tucker, Esq. Samantha B. Kelty, Esq. Linda A. Samuels, Esq. Hufford, Horstman, Mongini, Parnell & Tucker, P.C. 120 N. Beaver St. Post Office Box B Flagstaff, AZ 86002							
22	gt@h2m2law.com							
23	sbk@h2m2law.com							
24	Linda@h2m2law.com							
25								
26								
27	By: Cruz Serrano							
28								
29								
30								
	2							

APPENDIX C

1 2	THOMAS C. HORNE Firm Bar No. 014000 Attorney General							
3 4 5 6 7	Kim S. Anderson (#010584) Assistant Attorney General Education and Health Section 1275 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007 Telephone: (602) 364-0402 Facsimile: (602) 364-0700 E-mail: <u>kim.anderson@azag.gov</u>							
8	BEFORE THE ARIZ	ONA STATE BOARD						
9	FOR CHARTER SCHOOLS							
10	FOR CHART	EKSCHOOLS						
11	In the Matter of:	No. 14F-FSRV-003-BCS						
12	KIN DAH LICHI'I OLTA', INC., a	MOTION FOR THE ARIZONA						
13	non-profit corporation, operating	STATE BOARD FOR CHARTER SCHOOLS TO ISSUE A FINAL						
14	KIN DAH LICHI'I OLTA', a charter school	ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION PRIOR TO JUNE 14, 2014						
15		J						
16	Undersigned counsel moves for the A	Arizona State Board for Charter Schools						
17 18	("Board") to issue a final administrative dec	cision in the above-entitled matter prior to						
19	June 14, 2014. If the Board fails to issue a final administrative decision prior to June							
20	14, 2014, the Office of Administrative Hearings ("OAH") will certify the Decision of							
21	the Administrative Law Judge ("ALJ") as the final administrative decision of the							
22 23	Board. Both of the parties in the above-entitled matter have requested that the Board							
24	make modifications to the Decision.							
25								
26								

Factual Background

2	On March 18, 2014, a hearing on the Board's Notice of Intent to Revoke Charter								
3 4	was held at OAH. On April 22, 2014, the ALJ issued his recommended decision and								
4 5	order ("Decision"). On May 5, 2014, undersigned counsel submitted a Motion to								
6	Accept, Reject or Modify the Administrative Law Judge's Decision and Recommended								
7	Order ("Motion"), requesting that the Board make modifications to the Decision. On								
8	May 6, 2014, counsel for Kin dah Lichi'i Olta' submitted a Response. It was the								
9 10	request of <i>both</i> parties that the Board modify the Decision. On May 12, 2014, the								
10 11	Board, upon hearing that there was new evidence relating to the matter, immediately								
12									
13	rejected the Decision and resubmitted it to OAH for consideration of the new evidence.								
14	The Board did not discuss the findings and conclusions contained in the Decision. Nor								
15	were the parties provided the opportunity to argue their Motion and Response.								
16	On May 15, 2014, OAH issued a Minute Entry advising the Board of the								
17	following:								
18	• A.R.S. § 41-1092.08(B) permits the Board to accept, reject, or modify the								
19 20	Decision								
20	• Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1092.08(D), a rejection of the Decision must be								
22	accompanied by the Board's final administrative decision								
23	• Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1092.09(A)(1), a rehearing must be preceded by the								
24	Board's final administrative decision								
25	• Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1092.08(D), if a final administrative decision is not received by OAH by June 14, 2014, the ALJ's Decision will be certified as the								
26	final administrative decision of the Board								

The Board's action on May 12, 2014 was based on its assumption that it could "resubmit" the matter to OAH for consideration of the new evidence and for an amended recommended decision. As reflected in OAH's Minute Entry, such action is not permitted under A.R.S. § 41-1092.08. Accordingly, prior to June 14, 2014, additional action is required by the Board to issue its final administrative decision.

Arizona Revised Statutes § 41-1092.08(B) permits the Board to review the ALJ's Decision and accept, reject or modify it. If the Board rejects or modifies the Decision, the Board must timely file with OAH a copy of the ALJ's Decision with the rejection or modification *and* "a written justification setting forth the reasons for the rejection or modification." *Id.* A rejection of the Decision must be accompanied by a final administrative decision. A.R.S. § 41-1092.08(D). If the Board fails to take action in a timely manner, OAH will certify the ALJ's decision as the Board's final administrative decision. *Id.*

As reflected in the Motion, undersigned counsel has requested modifications to the ALJ's Decision. As reflected in both the Motion and the Response, *both* parties seek modifications to the ALJ's recommended order. In its actions on May 12, 2014, the Board did not review the Decision and did not issue a final administrative decision. Nor did the Board allow the parties to present oral argument on the ALJ's Decision, as afforded by the April 23, 2014 email from the Board's Executive Director. The opportunity for a rehearing or review is available after the Board has issued its final administrative decision. A.R.S. § 41-1092.09(A)(1).

1	Conclusion						
2	As the sponsor of charter school Kin dah Lichi'i Olta', the Board should conduct						
3	a considered review of the ALJ's Decision and issue a final administrative decision.						
4							
5	The Board should not, by default, allow the Decision of the ALJ to be certified as the						
6	final administrative decision of the Board. Undersigned counsel's Motion should be						
7	granted and the matter set for action by the Board prior to June 14, 2014.						
8	DATED this 21 st day of May, 2014.						
9							
10	THOMAS C. HORNE Attorney General						
11							
12	By <u>/s/ Kim S. Anderson</u> Kim S. Anderson						
13	Assistant Attorney General						
14	COPY of the foregoing Motion submitted						
15	electronically this 21 st day of May, 2014 to:						
16	Arizona State Board for Charter Schools						
17	deanna.rowe@asbcs.az.gov						
18	R. Gehl Tucker						
19	Attorney for Kin dah Lichi'i Olta', Inc. <u>gt@h2m2law.com</u>						
20	Somenthe D. Kelty						
21	Samantha B. Kelty Attorney for Kin dah Lichi'i Olta', Inc.						
22	sbk@h2m2law.com						
23	Linda A. Samels						
24	Attorney for Kin dah Lichi'i Olta', Inc. linda@h2m2law.com						
25							
26	By <u>ksa</u> P0012013003738/3823748/ksa						

APPENDIX D

R. Gehl Tucker, No. 022303 1 Samantha B. Kelty, No. 024110 2 Linda A. Samels, No. 025885 HUFFORD, HORSTMAN, MONGINI, PARNELL & TUCKER, P.C. 3 120 North Beaver Street Post Office Box B Flagstaff, Arizona 86002 4 Telephone: (928) 226-0000 Facsimile: (928) 779-3621 5 gt@h2m2law.com sbk@h2m2law.com 6 linda@h2m2law.com 7 Attorneys for Kin Dah Lichi'I Olta', Inc. 8

BEFORE THE ARIZONA STATE BOARD FOR CHARTER SCHOOLS

In the Matter of:

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KIN DAH LICHI'I OLTA', Inc. a non-, profit corporation, operating KIN DAH LICHI'I OLTA', a charter school No. 14F-FSRV-003-BCS

KDLO'S RESPONSE TO MOTION FOR THE ARIZONA STATE BOARD FOR CHARTER SCHOOLS TO ISSUE A FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION PRIOR TO JUNE 14, 2014

Kin Dah Lichi'i Olta' ("KDLO"), by and through its undersigned counsel, hereby submits its Response to the Motion for the Arizona State Board for Charter Schools to Issue a Final Administrative Decision Prior to June 14, 2014 ("KDLO's Response").

KDLO respectfully requests the Arizona State Board for Charter Schools ("Arizona
State Board"), in issuing a Final Administrative Decision in this matter, declare a moratorium
on the revocation of KDLO's charter and of the charters from High Density Native American
Charter schools, for the reasons set forth below.

The evidence on which the proposed revocation of KDLO's charter is based is flawed and therefore, the basis for the revocation questionable. At the May 12, 2014 Arizona State Board meeting, KDLO was prepared to present oral argument in opposition to the proposed

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modifications of the Administrative Law Judge's ("ALJ") Decision and to request the Arizona State Board impose a moratorium on charter revocations of High Density Native American 2 Charter schools, including KDLO. However, at the May 12, 2014 meeting, the State revealed 3 that its evidentiary record supporting revocation of KDLO's charter contained errors. In 4 response, the Arizona State Board voted to remand the entire case to the ALJ for re-review, 5 based on corrected evidence to be introduced by the State. [See May 14, 2014 letter from 6 DeAnna Rowe to The Honorable Brian Brendan Tully attached as Exhibit A.] Use by the State 7 of flawed evidence to support its proposal for revocation of KDLO's charter creates several 8 potential claims by KDLO, including violation of its equal protection, which makes all the 9 10 more prudent a withdrawal of the revocation of its charter.

The current proposed revocations continue to exacerbate the disparate impact of the 11 Arizona Department of Education's ("ADE") regulations and requirements on High Density 12 Native American Charter schools, including KDLO. This is not a matter of general non-13 compliance and is distinguishable from other non-performing charter schools. As stated in 14 KDLO's Response to the State's Motion to Accept, Reject or Modify the Administrative Law 15 Judge's Decision and Recommended Order, the disparate impact of current ADE standards 16 have resulted in de facto prohibition of Arizona Native American Charter schools from 17 participating in the Arizona State Charter school system. 18

19 Revocation of KDLO's charter renders KDLO's students without a chance for greater educational opportunities by requiring its students pursue unfavorable options. If KDLO's 20 charter is revoked, most if not all of its students will be forced to enroll at Ganado Middle 21 School. Ganado Middle School, with a student enrollment of approximately 245 students, is 22 much larger than KDLO. Because of KDLO's significantly lower student enrollment of 27 23 students, it is in the position of being able to provide intense, individual student attention in 24

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smaller class sizes which a larger school is not. Moreover, in the 2013 school year, Ganado Middle School received a letter grade of "D." [See 2013 Ganado Middle School Report Card attached as Exhibit B.] KDLO students would not obtain any academic advantage or benefit whatsoever by transferring from KDLO to a letter grade "D" school. Furthermore, there is no record that Ganado Middle School is implementing changes to improve its academic program; whereas KDLO has demonstrated the changes and improvements it has implemented and solely seeks additional time to realize the effects of its academic improvements.

KDLO and other Arizona High Density Native American Charter schools, led by the efforts of Senator Carlyle Begay of the Arizona State Legislature, have been meeting and working together to address improving academic achievement and to create appropriate and challenging academic standards to correct the effects of the disparate impact caused by the current ADE standards. Additional time is needed to implement these changes. A moratorium on the revocation of charters from High Density Native American Charter schools would allow the process for these very important and crucial changes to be completed and the changes implemented.

The moratorium would not create a precedent which extends to all charter schools, but 16 should be directed only at select charter schools, such as KDLO, which have suffered the 17 effects of disparate impact in order that an opportunity is provided to these schools to correct 18 19 the disparate impact they have suffered. Likewise, a moratorium on the revocation of charters from High Density Native American Charter schools would ensure these schools continue to 20 21 provide choice in education as is the policy of this State, and would ensure that the children 22 attending KDLO and the other that High Density Native American Charter schools, are afforded the same choice in education guaranteed by Arizona law to extend to all of Arizona's 23 24 children.

WHEREAS, for the foregoing reasons, KDLO respectfully requests the Arizona State
 Board for Charter Schools, in issuing a Final Administrative Decision, declare a moratorium on
 the revocation of KDLO's charter and of the charters from High Density Native American
 Charter schools.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 29th day of May, 2014.

HUFFORD, HORSTMAN, MONGINI, PARNELL & TUCKER P.C.

R. Gehl Tucker Samantha B. Kelty Linda A. Samels

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COPY of foregoing submitted the electronically this 29th day of May, 2014, to 13 each of the following: 14 AZ State Board for Charter Schools 15 c/o Deanna Rowe, Executive Director 1616 West Adams, Suite 170 16 Phoenix, AZ 85007 deanna.rowe@asbcs.az.gov 17 Kim S. Anderson, Assistant Attorney General Civil Division/Education and Health Section 18 1275 West Washington St. 19 Phoenix, AZ 85007 kim.anderson@azag.gov 20 21 Illamone 22 Bv 23 24 25 Page 4 of 4

246975.1 5/29/2014

Arizona State Board for Charter Schools

Physical Address: 1616 West Adams Street, Suite 170 Phoenix, Arizona 85007 Phone: (602) 364-3080 Fax: (602) 364-3089



Exhibit A

Mailing Address: PO Box 18328 Phoenix, Arizona 85009

May 14, 2014

The Honorable Brian Brendan Tully Office of Administrative Hearings 1400 W Washington St, #101 Phoenix, AZ 85007

RE: No. 14F-FSRV-003-BCS

Dear Judge Tully,

The Board considered the Recommended Decision in this matter at its meeting on May 12, 2014. The Board rejected the decision in its entirety based on the need for the State to introduce new evidence relevant to the case. Because of errors in in the computer code written to calculate the points, there was an error in the Board's Exhibit 3 submitted at the hearing. The Board voted to resubmit the case to the Administrative Law Judge so that the State may introduce the evidence and the opposing party be allowed to respond. The Administrative Law judge can then submit an amended recommended decision based on the entire administrative record, including the new evidence.

Sincerely,

DeAnna Rowe Executive Director

Attachment: Revised Board Exhibit 3

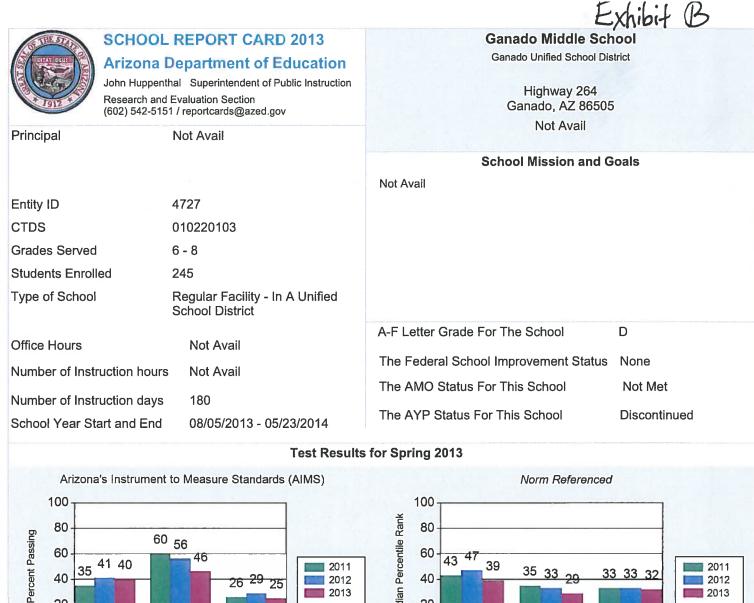
cc: Gehl Tucker, Attorney for Kin Dah Lichii Olta, Inc. Kim Anderson, Assistant Attorney General Cliff Vanell, Office of Administrative Hearings

"To improve public education in Arizona by sponsoring charter schools that provide quality educational choices."

Kin Dah Lichii Olta CTDS: 01-87-59-101 | Entity ID: 78841

cademic Performance	Save Lating							
O PERMISSION TO EDIT								
(in Dah Lichii Olta			2012			2013		
		Small Elementary School (7-8				aditional y School (7	to 8)	
1. Growth		Measure	Points Assigned	Weight	Measure	Points Assigned	Weight	
and the second	Math	82.5	100	25	39	50	25	
1a. SGP	Reading	42	50	25	23	25	25	
	Math	NR	0	0	NR	0	0	
1b. SGP Bottom 25%	Reading	NR	0	0	NR	0	0	
2. Proficiency		Measure	Points Assigned	Weight	Measure	Points Assigned	Weight	
2n Dercont Brasing	Math	35 / 43	50	7.5	22 / 61.1	25	7.5	
2a. Percent Passing	Reading	44 / 69.2	50	7.5	26.8 / 78.1	25	7.5	
2b. Composite School	Math	-6.5	50	7.5	32	75	7.5	
Comparison	Reading	-25.1	25	7.5	47.8	. 25	7.5	
2c Subgroup ELL	Math	NR	0	0	NR	0	0	
2c. Subgroup ELL	Reading	NR	0	0	NR	0	0	
2c. Subgroup FRL	Math	35 / 36.4	50	7.5	227.51	25 8	7.5	
zc. subgroup FRE	Reading	44 / 64.8	50	7.5	26.8 / 70.7	25	7.5	
2c. Subgroup SPED	Math	NR	0	0	NR	0	0	
ze. subgroup srev	Reading	NR	0	0	NR	0	0	
3. State Accountability		Measure	Points Assigned	Weight	Measure	Points Assigned	Weight	
3a. State Accountability		D	25	5	CONTRACT FOR AN	25	5	
Overall Rating		Overall Rating			Overall Rating			
Scoring for Overall Rating 89 or higher: Exceeds Standard <89, but > or = to 63: Meets Standard <63, but > or = to 39: Does Not Meet Standard Less than 39: Falls Far Below Standard		59.38		100	31.25		100	

2 M .



Math Read Subject

Measure of Academic Progress (MAP)

Write

No incidents reported

Coming Soon

On campus Incidents:

No comments reported

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Median Percentile Rank 2013 20 0 Math Read Language Subject

Arizona English Language Learners Assessment (AZELLA)

ELL Reclassification Rate

NA

School Performanc	e Measures
Attendance Rate	93.2%
Promotion Rate**	100.0%
Dropout Rate	0.7%
Four-Year Graduation Rate*	NA
Five-Year Graduation Rate*	NA

- Graduation Rate does not apply to K-8 Schools

** - Promotion Rate is based on self-reported data (October 1 Enrollment and year-end number of students promoted)

NA - Not Applicable

The Arizona Department of Education of the State of Arizona does not discriminate on the basis of race, religion, color, national origin, sex, disability or age in its programs, activities or in its hiring and employment practices. For questions or concerns regarding this statement, please contact Constituent Services at 602-542-3710.