BYLAWS

OF

ECA - ARIZONA, INC.

ARTICLE I
CORPORATE NAME

1.1 **Name**. The name of the corporation is ECA - Arizona, Inc. (referred to herein as the "Corporation").

ARTICLE II
OFFICES

2.1 **Offices**. The Corporation's principal office, known place of business and place where its records shall be kept is 5005 South Wendler Drive, Tempe, Arizona 85282; provided, however, that the Corporation may change its principal office, or adopt other and additional offices, either within or outside the State of Arizona (the "State"), as the Corporation's Board of Directors may, from time to time, determine.

ARTICLE III
NONPROFIT CORPORATION

3.1 **Purposes**. The Corporation is established as a nonprofit corporation for any lawful purpose permitted under State law. Initially, the Corporation will establish, market and operate one or more public charter schools in accordance with the laws of the State. [For purposes of federal laws, the Corporation is organized only for charitable, scientific and educational purposes as defined by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), Section 501(c)(3), including distributions to organizations that qualify as exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code. The Corporation shall not willfully, directly or indirectly, unlawfully carry on propaganda, or otherwise attempt to influence legislation, nor shall any of its funds be used to support or oppose any political issue or candidate nor perform any other act or omission that will jeopardize its status as a nonprofit corporation in the State or jeopardize any tax-exempt status of the Corporation provided under the nonprofit corporation laws of the State or the Code, including the tax-exempt status of the Corporation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code and its regulations as any of those laws and regulations may exist or may hereafter be amended.] No part of the assets or net earnings of the Corporation, current or accumulated, shall inure to the benefit of any private individual except for any and all contracts that may be entered into with any individuals or entities as provided and afforded by these Bylaws and appropriate resolutions of the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE IV
MEMBERSHIP

4.1 **Members**. The Corporation shall not have members.

ARTICLE V
BOARD OF DIRECTORS

5.1 **Name**. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be publicly known and described as the "Governing Board" (and hereafter be referred to as the "Board"). Any individual serving on the Board shall be referred to as a "Director."

5.2 **General Powers**. The Board shall have all of the duties and powers required or permitted by applicable law. All corporate powers shall be exercised by or under the authority of, and the business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed under the direction of, the Board.

5.3 **Number of Directors**. Prior to the first meeting of the Board, the Corporation shall have three Directors as specified in the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation. After the first meeting of the Board, the number of Directors shall be no less than three and no more than nine to be fixed from time to time by resolution of the Board, provided that said number may be changed by an amendment to these Bylaws, duly adopted by the Board, subject always to any restrictions of law as to the minimum number of Directors.

5.4 **Election of Directors**. Directors shall be elected by a majority vote of the Board at any regular or special meeting of the Directors. Directors may be removed, replaced or changed as provided in these Bylaws. Directors need not be residents of the State.

5.5 **Term of Office; Classes**. Directors on the Board shall be divided into three classes as nearly equal in number as possible. The term of Directors in the first class shall expire at the first annual meeting after their election. The term of the Directors in the second class shall expire at the second annual meeting after their election and the term of the Directors in the third class shall expire after the third annual meeting after their election. At each election held thereafter, each Director shall hold office for a period of three years from the date he or she is elected and qualified, or until his or her prior death, incapacitation, resignation, replacement or removal. Directors may serve multiple consecutive terms without restriction as to the number of terms permitted.

5.6 **Qualifications**. Directors must be more than 20 years of age. Each Director must pass a background check, or other regulatory inquiries, as required by State law, federal law or other governmental agencies having proper regulatory authority over the affairs of the Corporation or its activities, as amended from time to time, which will include as a minimum, a law-enforcement fingerprint check showing that there exists no criminal record which could adversely affect the Corporation or its operations. Directors must, in the opinion of the Board, possess experience and qualifications that further the Corporation's mission.

5.7 **Board Offices**. The officers of the Board shall comprise a President of the Board, a Secretary of the Board and Treasurer of the Board and may include such other officers as the Board may determine from time to time. Officers of the Board shall be elected by majority vote of the Board; provided, however, that, excepting the initial officers of the Board, Directors nominated and elected for such offices shall have been Directors for a minimum period of three months prior to holding such office. Although Directors shall hold the office of director for three-year terms, Directors appointed or elected as officers of the Board shall serve as officers for a period of one year; provided, however, if so appointed or elected, any Director may serve as an officer of the Board for multiple terms without restriction as to the number of terms permitted.

5.8 **Vacancies**. Any vacancy on the Board occurring by reason of an increase in the number of Directors shall be filled by a majority vote of the Directors cast at any regular or special meeting of the Board. In the event any Director dies, becomes incapacitated, resigns, is disqualified or removed from office, or otherwise vacates his or her office, the unexpired portion of such Director's term of office shall be filled by a majority vote of the remaining Directors at a regular or special meeting of the Board. In an election to fill the unexpired portion of any term, where the number of Directors qualified to vote is less than a quorum, the unexpired portion of any term shall be filled by a vote of a majority of the remaining Directors, although less than a quorum, at any regular or special meeting of the Board.

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5.9 **Resignation**. Any Director may resign at any time by giving written notice to the President of the Board or the Secretary of the Board. Unless a later date is specified in such written notice, such resignation shall take effect upon delivery of such notice and the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

5.10 **Removal**. Any Director may be removed from the Board, with or without cause, at any time by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors entitled to vote who are present at a regular or special meeting. The Director being removed must abstain from voting due to the inherent conflict of interest and his or her presence may not be used in calculating the majority vote, but may be included when determining a quorum.

5.11 **Directors' Compensation**. No salary shall be paid to Directors for their services in their capacity as Directors. By resolution of the Board, however, a fixed reasonable sum of expenses of attendance, if any, may be allowed for attendance at such regular or special meetings of the Board; provided, however, nothing herein contained shall be construed or interpreted to prevent any person serving as a Director from also serving as an Officer, employee or independent contractor of the Corporation and receiving a salary or other compensation in such capacity.

5.12 **Full Time Services Not Required**. Nothing in these Bylaws shall be deemed to require that a Director spend his or her full time or any specific amount of time managing the Corporation's business; however, any Director shall generally be available for Board meetings and for reasonable periods of time to fulfill his or her obligation as a Director.

5.13 **Contracts**. No contract or other transaction between the Corporation and any other individual or entity shall be impaired, affected or invalidated, nor shall any Director be liable in any way by reason of the fact that any one or more of the Directors may be interested in any such other entity or may serve as a director, officer or employee of any such other entity; provided that, notwithstanding the presence of any interested Director at the meeting at which such action is taken, the Board authorizes, approves or ratifies such contract or transaction by majority vote (not counting the vote of any interested Director) after the interested Director fully discloses to the Board, in writing, his or her interests or involvements with such other entities and other relevant material facts, including, without limitation, the nature of such Director's involvement with such other entities, such Director's ability to influence the action of such other entities and any tangible or intangible benefit or profit that may accrue to such Director as a result of any contract or transaction between the Corporation and such other entity. In addition, the contract or transaction must be fair and reasonable to the Corporation when it is authorized, approved or ratified in accordance with the Conflicts of Interest Policy (as defined in Section 5.14 of this Article V). Although the interested Director must abstain from voting on such matter due to the inherent conflict of interest and may not be counted when calculating a majority, he or she may be included when determining a quorum.

5.14 **Conflicts of Interest**. The Board shall adopt a conflict of interest policy (the "Conflicts of Interest Policy") to be followed by the Directors of the Board in executing their duties. The Conflicts of Interest Policy must provide for the disclosure of any duality of interest or possible conflict of interest on the part of any Director and such duality of interest or possible conflict must be made part of the record of the Corporation at the time the interest becomes a matter requiring Board action. The Conflicts of Interest Policy shall be provided to all Directors. In the event no formal Conflicts of Interest Policy is adopted, it shall be deemed that the statutory provisions found in A.R.S. §§10-3860 through 10-3864 shall constitute the Conflicts of Interest Policy of the Corporation. No Director having a duality of interest or possible conflict of interest for a particular issue shall vote or use his or her personal influence relating to such issue. The minutes of any meeting where a conflict is present should reflect: (i) that a disclosure of the conflict was made; (ii) that the Director with the conflict abstained from discussion and voting on such matter; and (iii) any other relevant factors deemed necessary by the Board.

5.15 **Committees**. The Board may, from time to time by resolution, designate from among the Directors an executive committee, and may also designate from among the Directors and nonmembers of the Board such other committees as the Board may deem desirable, each consisting of one or more Directors, with such powers and authority (to the extent permitted by law) as may be provided in such a resolution. No standing committee, advisory board, special or other committee shall have any general power or authority over any activity of the Corporation, or the school(s) it operates, but only such limited scope and power as specifically designated by the Board or these Bylaws. All standing committees, advisory boards, special and other committees shall make recommendations and advise the Board on issues relevant to their respective directives. The Board shall consider such recommendation or advice, but shall have no obligation to implement any such recommendations nor accept any such advice. Each such committee, and committee members, shall serve at the pleasure of the Board.

5.15.1 Standing Committees. The Board may, in its discretion, authorize such standing committees and advisory boards as it deems appropriate. The chairpersons and all members of standing committees and advisory boards shall be appointed by the Board. It shall be the responsibility of the chairpersons of standing committees and advisory boards to notify members of meetings; however, no quorum shall be required in order for a standing committee or advisory board to meet or to act. Chairpersons of standing committees and advisory boards shall appoint a member of their committee to be the committee secretary to take minutes of the discussions and decisions reached at each meeting of the committee.

5.15.2 Special Committees. The Board may, in its discretion, appoint and discharge special committees for such special tasks as the Board determines. The chairpersons and all members of special committees shall be appointed by the Board. It shall be the responsibility of the chairpersons of special committees to notify members of meetings; however, no quorum shall be required in order for a special committee to meet or to act. Chairpersons of special committees shall appoint a member of their committee to be the committee secretary to take minutes of the discussions and decisions reached at each meeting of the committee. A special committee shall be limited to the accomplishment of the task for which it was established and shall have no power to act except as specifically conferred by the Board. Upon the completion of the task for which such committee is established, it shall be discharged.

ARTICLE VI
MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

6.1 **Regular Meetings of the Board**. At a minimum, the Board shall meet annually. Such annual meetings of the Board shall be held at such time and date as established by resolution of the Board. The purpose of the annual meetings shall be to: (i) elect Board officers; (ii) approve, authorize or ratify acts of the Board, management and/or school administration; and (iii) transact such other business as may properly come before the Board. Other or more frequent regular meetings of the Board may be established by action of the Board and, if established, shall be held and conducted in accordance with these Bylaws.

6.2 **Special Meetings of the Board**. Special meetings of the Board may be called at any time by the President of the Board and shall be called by the Secretary of the Board at the combined written request of Directors comprising 25 percent or more of the Directors serving on the Board, or as otherwise required under the provisions of applicable law.

6.3 **Place of Meetings**. All meetings of the Board shall be held at the place designated in the notice or waiver of notice of such a meeting or meetings, whether within or outside the State.

6.4 **Notice of Meetings**. Unless expressly prohibited by State law, written notice of any meeting of the Board, whether a regular or special meeting, stating the place, date and hour of the meeting shall be given to each Director not less than 24 hours before the date of the meeting. Such notice shall be delivered

personally, by United States postal mail, overnight express mail, electronic mail or facsimile. Such notice shall be directed to each Director at his or her address, email address or facsimile number as it appears on the records of the Corporation. Notice is deemed to have been given: (i) upon the date that the notice is personally delivered, electronically mailed or transmitted by facsimile; (ii) one day after deposit in overnight, express mail; and (iii) three days after deposit in United States postal mail, properly addressed or transmitted. Notice of an adjourned meeting need not be given if the date, time and place of the adjourned meeting are provided at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken and if the adjournment does not exceed 61 days.

6.5 **Waiver of Notice**. Attendance of a Director at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except, in the case of a Director, when such attendance at the meeting is for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting of the Board by executing a written waiver of notice either before, at or after the time of the meeting.

6.6 **Presiding at Meetings**. At all meetings of the Board, the President of the Board shall preside. In the absence of the President, the Secretary shall preside. In the absence of the President and the Secretary, an alternate Director appointed in writing by the President, at or prior to the meeting, shall preside until the President returns.

6.7 **Conduct of Meeting; Agenda**. The proceedings of Board meetings shall be conducted in accordance with the latest edition of Roberts Rules of Order, as modified in writing by the Board, when not in conflict with State law, the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws. The meeting shall be conducted substantially in accordance with an agenda prepared by the President of the Board or his or her designee. The Director presiding over the meeting shall have the right to limit discussion on any particular item and to establish procedures and provide time limits for any party wishing to speak. Any meeting of the Board may be held by any means whereby all Directors can communicate adequately throughout the meeting, including, without limitation, telephonically or electronically.

6.8 **Quorum**. A simple majority of the Directors shall constitute a quorum at any meeting of the Board. A Director shall be deemed present at a meeting if the Director attends in person, telephonically or electronically, so long as all Directors can communicate adequately throughout the meeting. Business may be conducted once a quorum is present and may continue until adjournment of the meeting notwithstanding the withdrawal or temporary absence of Directors sufficient to reduce the number present to less than a quorum. If, however, the Directors present are less than required to constitute a quorum, the affirmative vote must be such as would constitute a majority if a quorum were present, and provided further that the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors then present is sufficient in all cases to adjourn a meeting.

6.9 **Acts of the Board**. When a quorum is established at any meeting of the Board pursuant to Section 6.8 above, the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors present at the meeting shall be the act of the Board unless the question is one upon which, by express provision of law, the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, a different vote is required, in which case such express provision shall govern and control the decision of such question. Each Director is entitled to one vote.

6.10 **Director Deadlock**. In the event of a voting deadlock on any substantial matter affecting the Corporation, the Board shall, within 15 days after the deadlock vote, appoint a mutually-agreed-upon neutral mediator to aid the Board in facilitating the decision-making process. If, after appointing the mediator, the event deadlock persists for a period not to exceed 45 days after the original deadlock vote, the Board shall, within 10 days thereafter, agree upon a neutral, qualified arbitrator who shall have the authority to issue a decision on the issue at deadlock, which decision shall be binding on the Board and the Board.

6.11 **Meeting Minutes.** A written record of the discussions and decisions reached at each meeting of the Board in compliance with applicable law and in the form of minutes shall be made, and shall, upon approval by the Board at a legally-convened meeting, be made a part of the records of the Corporation.

6.12 **Open Meeting Law**. Upon signing a charter contract with the Arizona State Board for Charter Schools (or other legal sponsor) and for so long as the State's open meeting law (A.R.S. §§38-431 through 38-431.09) applies to charter schools, all deliberations and official actions of the Board shall take place at a meeting open to the public in compliance with the State's open meeting law, except in cases where, and to the extent, executive sessions are authorized by State law. Additionally, for so long as the State's open meeting law applies to charter schools, public notice of all meetings of the Board, and of all committees and advisory boards authorized by the Board, shall be given pursuant to and as required by the State's open meeting law and the meeting minutes required by Section 6.11 of this Article VI shall comply with the requirements set forth in the State's open meeting law.

6.13 **Action Without a Meeting**. Prior to signing a charter contract with the Arizona State Board for Charter Schools (or other legal sponsor) and becoming subject to the provisions of Section 6.12 of this Article VI, any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board, or any committee thereof, may be taken without a meeting if all the Directors or committee members, as applicable, consent thereto in writing and such consents are filed with the minutes of the Board or committee, as applicable. Upon signing a charter contract with the Arizona State Board for Charter Schools (or other legal sponsor) and for so long as the State's open meeting law applies to charter schools, this provision shall be null and void and actions without a meeting shall not be permissible.

6.14 **Proxies**. Proxy voting shall not be permitted for any Board meeting or action.

ARTICLE VII
CORPORATE OFFICERS

7.1 **Corporate Officers Distinguished from Board Offices.** Section 5.7 of these Bylaws establishes certain Board level offices. These offices must be filled by Directors and are purely ministerial in nature, dealing solely with the functioning of the Board. These board-level offices are not to be confused with ***corporate "Officers"*** that are appointed by the Board to direct and manage the operations of the Corporation's business. Article V of these Bylaws addresses board-level offices. This Article VII addresses corporate Officers.

7.2 **Dual Capacity Officers**. By resolution of the Board (which may be altered or rescinded by the Board at any time), the Board may combine the Board officers and corporate Officers into dual-capacity positions. In such an event, the President of the Board shall also serve as the corporate President, the Secretary of the Board shall also serve as the corporate Secretary and so forth. If the Board resolves to use dual-capacity Officers, all of the provisions of Article V and this Article VII shall apply to such dual-capacity Officers, and, in the event of a conflict between the two Articles, Article V shall control.

7.3 **Designation of Titles; Appointment**. The Officers of the Corporation shall comprise a corporate President, a corporate Vice President, a corporate Secretary, a corporate Treasurer and may include additional vice presidents, assistant treasurers and such other Officers as the Board may from time to time deem appropriate. All Officers shall have the authority and shall perform the duties prescribed in these Bylaws or as subsequently prescribed, from time to time, by the Board. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person, excepting only the corporate President and the corporate Secretary may not be the same individual. All the Officers of the Corporation shall be appointed by the Board at a regular or special meeting

of the Board. Subject to Section 5.7 hereof, each Officer shall serve at the pleasure of the Board and shall hold office until such time as the Board removes or replaces such Officer, or until his or her death, incapacitation or resignation.

7.4 **Compensation**. Officers' compensation shall be fixed from time to time by the Board, and no Officer shall be prevented from receiving such compensation by reason of the fact that he or she is also a Director. The salaries of the Officers or the rate by which salaries are fixed shall be set forth in the minutes of the meetings of the Board.

7.5 **Resignation**. Any Officer may resign at any time by giving the written notice of resignation required by such Officer's employment agreement or, if not addressed in an employment agreement, 30-days prior written notice of such resignation to the Board. Unless otherwise specified in such written notice and accepted by the Board, such resignation shall be effective 30 days after receipt of such notice by the Corporation, and the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board, in its discretion, may make such resignation effective at any time prior to the expiration of the required notice period.

7.6 **Removal; Termination.** Subject to any effective and enforceable employment agreement between the Corporation and such Officer, any Officer may be removed from office, with or without cause, at any time by a resolution of the Board.

7.7 **Vacancies**. Subject to Sections 5.7 and 7.3 hereof, a vacancy in any Officer position, by reason of death, incapacitation, resignation, termination or any other cause whatsoever, may be immediately filled, at any time, by the Board at any regular or special meeting of the Board.

7.8 **Duties of Officers**.

7.8.1 **Corporate President.** The corporate President shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation, serving at the pleasure of the Board, and shall act as the operating and directing head of the Corporation, having general charge of the Corporation's business and supervision of its affairs. Subject to policies established by the Board, he or she shall sign all contracts and agreements requiring execution on behalf of the Corporation and required for the ordinary, day-to-day operations of the Corporation. The President shall keep the Board fully informed as to the business and operations of the Corporation. In addition to the powers and duties elsewhere provided in these Bylaws, when duly authorized by the Board to do so, the President shall sign all deeds, liens, guarantees, licenses and other instruments of a special nature. The President shall also have such other powers and duties as are expressly delegated to the President by the Board in writing.

7.8.2 **Corporate Vice President.** There shall be as many corporate vice presidents as shall be determined by the Board from time to time, and they shall perform such duties as from time to time may be assigned to them by the Board or the corporate President. Such corporate vice president(s), if any, shall familiarize themselves with the affairs of the Corporation and, as authorized by the Board, any one of the corporate vice presidents shall have all the powers and perform all the duties of the corporate President in case of the temporary absence of the corporate President or in the case of his or her temporary inability to act. In case of the permanent absence or inability of the corporate President to act, the office shall be declared vacant by the Board and a successor chosen and appointed by the Board. The corporate vice president(s) shall have such other powers and duties as are expressly delegated to them by the Board in writing.

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7.8.3 **Corporate Secretary.** The corporate Secretary shall: see that the minutes of all meetings of the Board and of any standing committees are kept in the corporate records; be the custodian of the corporate seal and shall determine when to affix it to any proper instrument; give or cause to be given required notices of all meetings of the Board; have charge of all the books and records of the Corporation except the books of account; and in general perform all the duties incident to the office of the secretary of a corporation and such other duties as may be assigned by the corporate President or the Board. The corporate Secretary shall attest by signature to all instruments duly authorized and requiring the same. The corporate Secretary shall have such other powers and duties as are expressly delegated to him or her by the Board in writing.

7.8.4 **Corporate Treasurer.** The corporate Treasurer shall: have general custody of all the funds and securities of the Corporation, except such as may be required by law or agreement to be deposited with any state official, trustee or escrow officer; see to the deposit of the funds of the Corporation in such bank or banks as the Board may designate; maintain, or cause to be maintained, direct and supervise regular books of account; render financial statements to the corporate President and the Board at proper times; and direct and supervise the preparation and filing of such reports, audits, financial statements and returns as may be required by law. The corporate Treasurer shall have such other powers and duties as are expressly delegated to him or her by the Board in writing.

7.8.5 **Assistant Secretaries; Assistant Treasurers.** The Board may, from time to time, fix the number of assistant secretaries or assistant treasurers and determine their respective duties and functions.

7.9 **Fidelity Bonds**. If required by the Board, any Director, Officer, employee or agent of the Corporation shall execute to the Corporation a fidelity bond in such amount, and with such surety or sureties as the Board may direct, conditioned upon the very faithful performance of his or her duties to the Corporation, including responsibility for negligence and for the accounting for all property, funds or securities of the Corporation which may come into his or her hands or control. The premium for any such fidelity bonds shall be paid by the Corporation as an operating expense.

ARTICLE VIII
INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

8.1 **Non-Liability for Debts**. The private property of the Directors, Officers and committee members shall be exempt from execution or the liability of any debts of the Corporation and no Director, Officer or committee member shall be liable or responsible for any debts or liabilities of the Corporation.

8.2 **Indemnification**. To the maximum extent permitted by law, the Corporation shall hold harmless and indemnify any person who was or is a party, or is threatened to be made a party, to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative, including all appeals (other than an action, suit or proceeding by or in the right of the Corporation), by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a Director, Officer or committee member of the Corporation (collectively, the "Indemnitee") against any and all liability and expenses incurred by the Indemnitee in connection with any threatened or actual proceeding or legal action resulting from the Indemnitee's service to the Corporation or to another entity at the Corporation's written request.

8.2.1 Exclusions. Except insofar as permitted by law, the Corporation shall not indemnify any Indemnitee under this Article VIII in connection with: (i) a proceeding by or in the right of the Corporation in which the Indemnitee was adjudged liable to the Corporation; (ii) any other proceeding charging the improper personal benefit to the Indemnitee, whether or not involving action in the Indemnitee's

official capacity, in which the Indemnitee was adjudged liable on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received by the Indemnitee; or (iii) any circumstance where the indemnification would adversely affect the tax-exempt status of the Corporation, as determined by the Board in its sole discretion after consultation with legal counsel.

8.3 **Procedure**. The Indemnitee shall notify the Corporation promptly of the threat or commencement of any proceeding or legal action with respect to which the Indemnitee intends to seek indemnification. The Corporation shall be entitled to assume the Indemnitee's defense with counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnitee, unless the Indemnitee provides the Corporation with an opinion of counsel reasonably concluding that there may be a conflict of interest between the Indemnitee and the Corporation in the defense of the proceeding or legal action. If the Corporation assumes the defense, the Corporation shall not be liable to the Indemnitee for legal or other expenses subsequently incurred by the Indemnitee.

8.4 **Expenses Advances**. The Corporation shall automatically advance expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred or to be incurred by the Indemnitee in defending a proceeding or legal action upon receipt of the following: (i) notice and reasonable proof of the expenses; (ii) a written affirmation of the Indemnitee's good faith belief that the Indemnitee has met the standard of conduct described in A.R.S. §10-3851 or that the proceeding involves conduct for which liability has been eliminated under a provision of the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation pursuant to A.R.S. §10-3202.B.1; and (iii) a written undertaking, executed personally or on the Indemnitee's behalf, to repay the advance if a final decision (after expiration or exhaustion of any appeal rights) is made that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified under this Article VIII.

8.5 **Settlement of Claims**. The Corporation shall not be obligated to indemnify the Indemnitee for any amounts incurred in settlement if settlement is made without the Corporation's prior written consent. The Corporation shall not enter into any settlement that would impose any penalty or limitation on the Indemnitee without the Indemnitee's prior written consent. Neither the Corporation nor the Indemnitee shall unreasonably withhold consent to any proposed settlement.

8.6 **Effect of Repeal**. In order that the Indemnitee may rely on the indemnification promised by this Article VIII, no repeal or amendment of this Article VIII shall reduce the right of the Indemnitee to payment of expenses or indemnification for acts of the Indemnitee taken before the date of such repeal or amendment.

ARTICLE IX
FISCAL YEAR

9.1 **Designation**. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall begin and end on the dates determined by resolution of the Board. Absent such resolution, the fiscal year of the Corporation shall begin on July 1 and end on June 30 of each year.

ARTICLE X
CORPORATE SEAL

10.1 **Form of Seal**. The corporate seal, if any, shall be in such form as shall be approved from time to time by the Board.

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ARTICLE XI
BOOKS, RECORDS AND OPERATIONS

11.1 **Requirements; Compliance**. The Corporation shall keep correct and complete books and records of account as required by State law and any regulatory agency having proper jurisdiction over the affairs and activities of the Corporation, and shall also keep minutes of the proceedings of the Board, and committees authorized by, or having any of the authority of, the Board, including, without limitation and for so long as the such law applies to charter schools, compliance in all respects with the Records Retention and Disposition for Arizona School Districts and/or State Public Records Law, A.R.S. §§39-121 through 30-122. All books and records of the Corporation may be inspected, for any proper purpose at any reasonable time, by: (i) any Director; (ii) the attorney for such Director; and (iii) as otherwise required by State law.

11.2 **Payments**. All checks, drafts, notes, bonds, bills of exchange and orders for the payment of money and other evidences of indebtedness (each a "Payment") in an amount equal to or less than $5,000.00 shall, unless otherwise directed by the Board in writing, or required by law, be signed by the President, Secretary, Treasurer or any other Officer, agent or employee of the Corporation so designated and authorized by the Board. Any Payment in an amount greater than $5,000.00 shall require the signatures of two or more of the aforementioned Officers, agents or employees.

11.3 **Investments**. The Corporation shall have the right to retain all or any part of any securities or property acquired by it in whatever manner, and to invest and reinvest any funds held by it according to the judgement of the Board.

ARTICLE XII
LOANS TO OFFICERS OR DIRECTORS

12.1 **Prohibition**. The Corporation shall not lend money to or guarantee the obligations of an Officer or Director of the Corporation.

ARTICLE XIII
PRIVATE INUREMENT

13.1 [**Prohibition Against Private Inurement**. No Director, Officer or employee of the Corporation, member of a committee of the Corporation, nor any other private individual shall: (i) at any time receive any of the net earnings or pecuniary profit of the Corporation, except that the Corporation can pay reasonable compensation for services rendered; provided, however, that compensation shall not be paid if such payment would constitute an act of self-dealing or would result in the termination of the Corporation's tax exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code; or (ii) be entitled to share in the distribution of any of the corporate assets in the event of the Corporation's dissolution. All Directors shall be deemed to have expressly consented and agreed that upon such dissolution or winding up of the Corporation's affairs, whether voluntary or involuntary, all of the Corporation's assets remaining after all debts have been satisfied shall be distributed exclusively to other tax-exempt corporations, as permitted by applicable law.]

ARTICLE XIV
NONDISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

14.1 **Prohibition Against Discrimination**. No charter school operated by the Corporation shall unlawfully discriminate on the basis of race, sex, age, national or ethnic origin or religion in the administration of its educational policies, admissions policies, athletic or other school-administered programs or employment policies.

ARTICLE XV
AMENDMENTS TO BYLAWS

15.1 **Amendments; Procedure**. The Board may repeal, alter, amend or restate these Bylaws, at any time, by a majority vote of the Directors at any regular or special meeting of the Board. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no alteration, amendment or restatement of these Bylaws may adversely affect the Corporation's nonprofit status if such repeal, alteration, amendment or restatement would violate Arizona law, the Articles of Incorporation or any agreement or obligation by which the Corporation is bound. Even if a repeal, alteration, amendment or restatement does not violate Arizona law, the Articles of Incorporation or any agreement or obligation by which the Corporation is bound, no repeal, alteration, amendment or restatement of these Bylaws may adversely affect the Corporation's nonprofit status except upon a vote of two-thirds of all of the Directors then in office.

CERTIFICATION OF ADOPTION

As the Secretary of the Board, I hereby certify that the foregoing Bylaws have been adopted as the Bylaws of the Corporation by its Board at a duly-convened meeting of the Board on May 14, 2014, and that these Bylaws, as of the date of this Certificate, have not been repealed, altered, amended, restated or superseded, and remain in full force and effect.

DATED the 14th day of May 2014.

Secretary of the Board of Directors